Where should you put your baby after you're done feeding him?

- Crib, bassinet or pack and play ideally one that's close to you.
- Put your baby to bed face up with a little onesie or sleep sack.
- Keep the bed clear of blankets, stuffed animals & bumpers they might block the airway.
- Be sure the sheets are clean and tight.
- NOT on a couch, recliner, car seat, bed or infant swing.



Not like this! Note how the baby's airway is affected.



What Does a Safe Sleep Environment **NOT**Look Like?







What Does a Safe Sleep Environment Look Like?

Use a firm sleep surface, such as a mattress in a safety-approved* crib, covered by a fitted sheet.

Do not use pillows, blankets, sheepskins, or crib bumpers anywhere in your baby's sleep area.

Keep soft objects, toys, and loose bedding out of your baby's sleep area.

> Do not smoke or let anyone smoke around your baby.



Make sure nothing covers the baby's head.

Always place your baby on his or her back to sleep, for naps and at night.

Dress your baby in sleep clothing, such as a onepiece sleeper, and do not use a blanket.

Baby's sleep area is next to where parents sleep.

Baby should not sleep in an adult bed, on a couch, or on a chair alone, with you, or with anyone else.

*For more information on crib safety guidelines, contact the Consumer Product Safety Commission at 1-800-638-2772 or http://www.cpsc.gov.



What else can you do to keep your baby breathing?

Make every effort to stop smoking and keep other people who

smoke away from your baby.



What else can you do to keep your baby breathing?

If you've been drinking, find somebody else to take care of your baby.

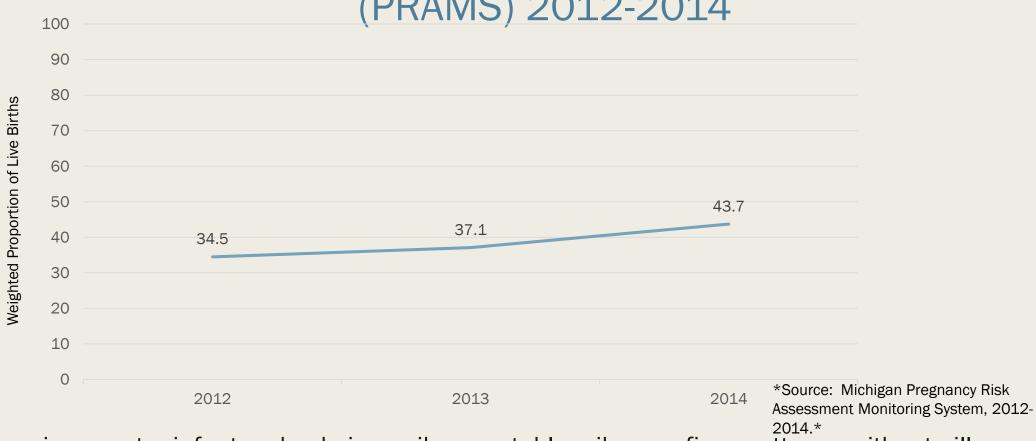


What else can you do to keep your baby breathing?

If you're taking pain medicine, it can affect how your body moves and your choices. Have somebody else take care of your baby or put them in a safe sleep environment until your brain is clear.



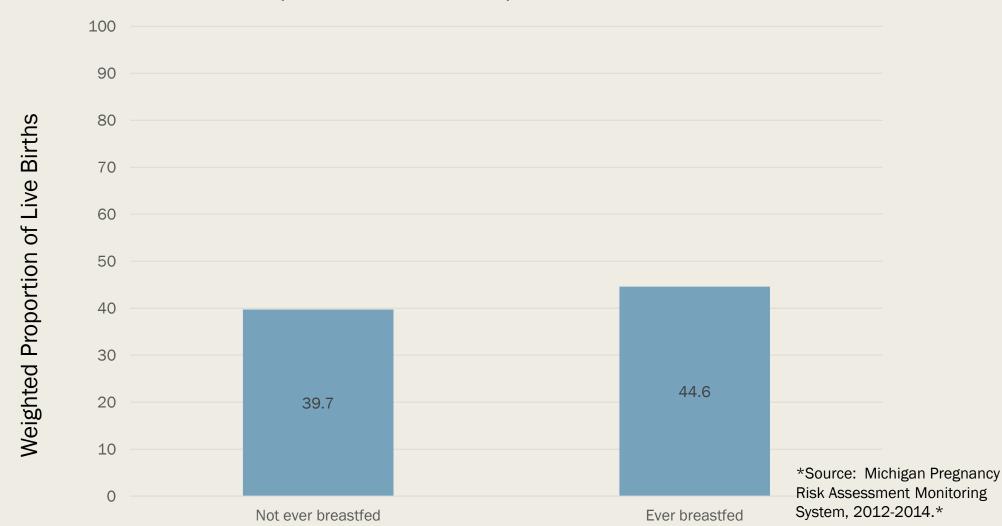
How many infants are being placed in an ideal sleep environment in Michigan? Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS) 2012-2014



Ideal environment = infant on back, in a crib or portable crib, on a firm mattress, without pillows, without bumpers, without plush blankets, without stuffed toys, without an infant positioner, and without mother or anyone else in the sleep area?

Do mothers who ever breastfed sleep their babies differently than mothers who do not? PRAMS 2012-2014

Compliance with safe sleep recommendations

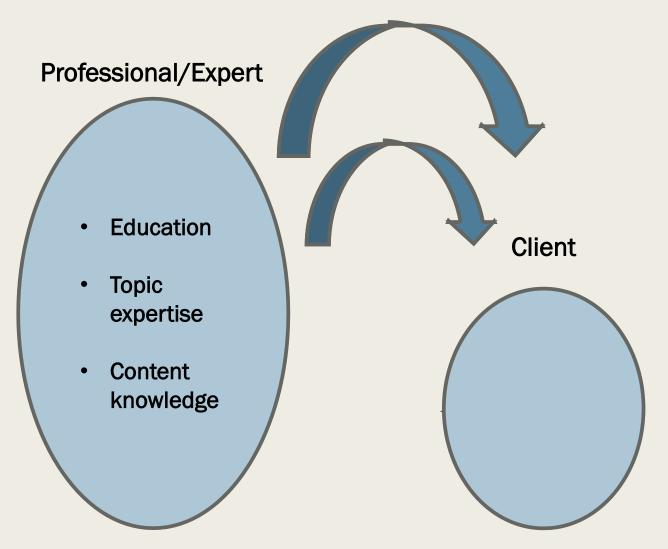


What?

So What?

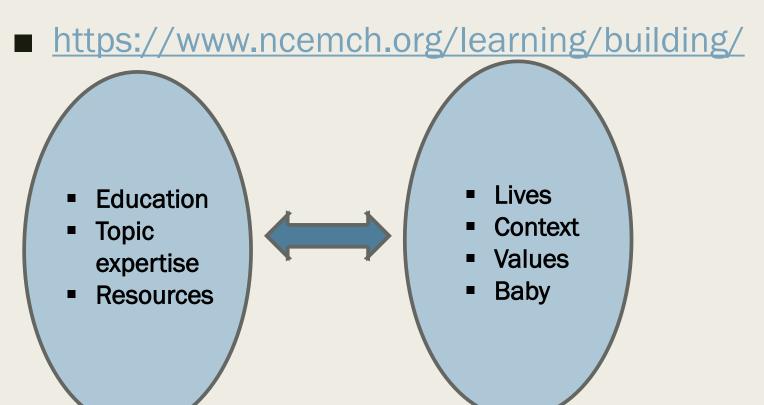
NOW WHAT?

Talking about sleep with families is *more* than providing education...



Movement from "campaign" to "conversations"

- What is the goal of a conversation?
- "partnership of experts"



Use a strength-based framework

Families feel valued, not judged

Try Motivational Interviewing techniques

- Start where client is at
- Clients are at different levels of readiness to change
- Client decides what & how



Tips for effective conversations

Be respectful and sensitive

Ask open-ended questions

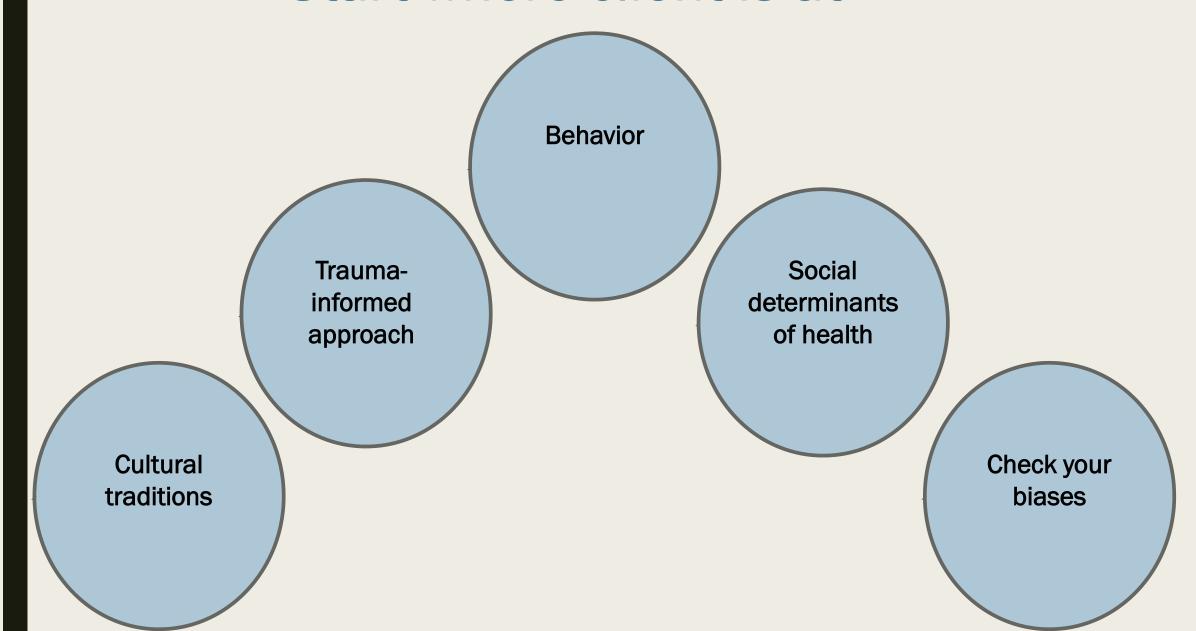
Ask for permission to share information

Ask for feedback afterward

Listen, listen, listen



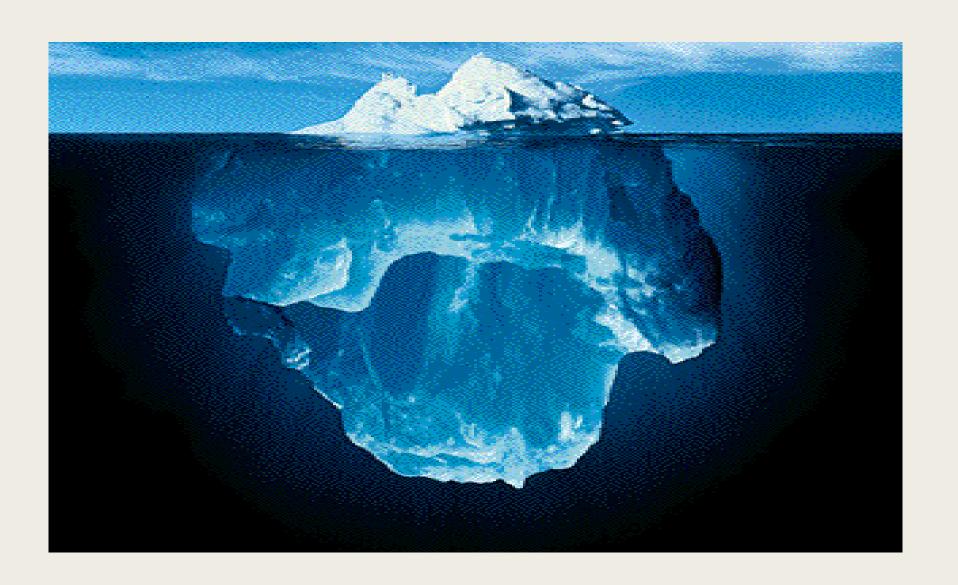
"Start where client is at"



What We See



What Is Underneath



Conversations

"Every time I lay my baby down in the bassinet she cries. I stopped using it."



Now what?

- Identify strengths
- Reflect back & ask for more
- Ask for permission
- Share info, techniques, resources, etc.
- Support/involve all caregivers
- Plan
- Ask for feedback



Conversations

"I can't stop falling asleep while I'm feeding him, I know I'm not supposed to, but I'm just so tired."



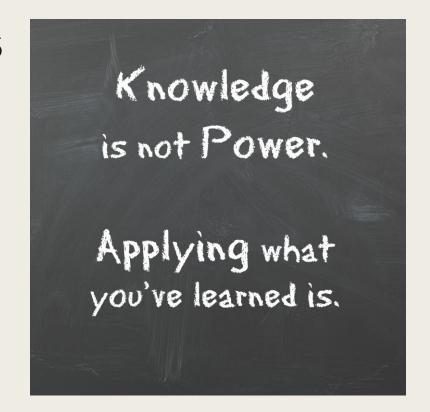
Now what?

- Identify strengths
- Reflect back & ask for more
- Ask for permission
- Share info, techniques, resources, etc.
- Support/involve all caregivers
- Plan
- Ask for feedback



Take Home Message

- 1. Breastfeeding decreases the risk of SUIDS
- 2. Bed sharing has a risk
- 3. Families need support for breastfeeding and to keep their babies safe.

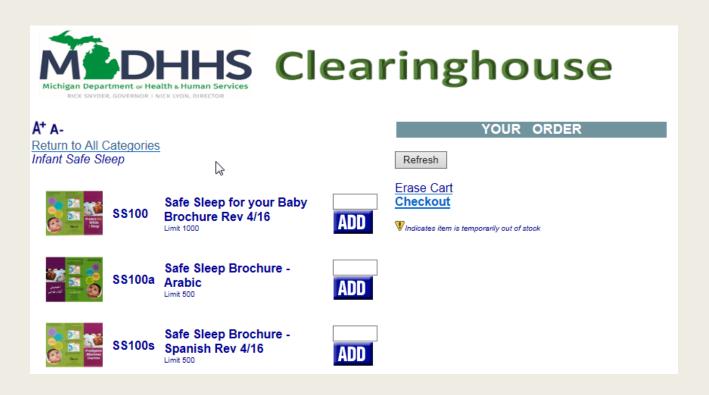


Contact information:

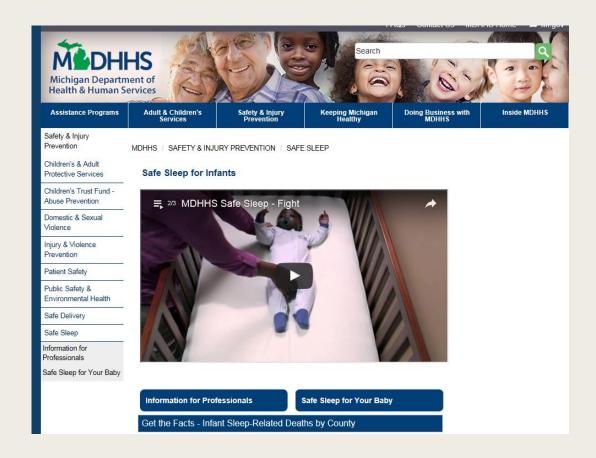
Marji Cyrul, MPH, RD, CLS MDHHS Breastfeeding Coordinator (517) 373-6486 desk cyrulm@Michigan.gov

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MDHHS Infant Safe Sleep Program Consultant
(517) 335-5911 desk
kellyp2@Michigan.gov

■ MDHHS Clearinghouse is <u>www.healthymichigan.com</u> to order brochures

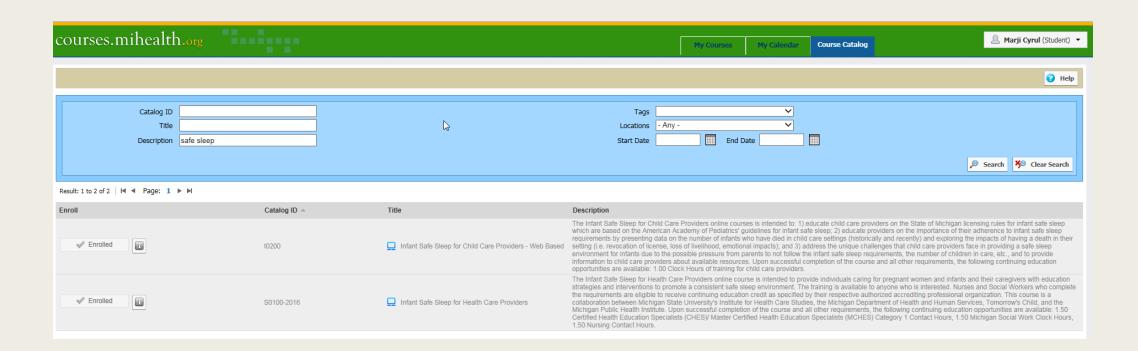


■ MI safe sleep website is <u>www.michigan.gov/safesleep</u>



MDHHS online training for health care providers – it goes in depth in to areas related to safe sleep (i.e. why back sleeping doesn't cause choking). It is free and offers Ces for nurses, social workers and certified health education specialists.

https://courses.mihealth.org/PUBLIC/home.html



 Georgetown University's National Center for Education in Maternal and Child Health website is: https://www.ncemch.org/learning/building/

BUILDING ON CAMPAIGNS WITH CONVERSATIONS This series of learning modules is designed for a range of health professionals, human service providers, community health workers, home visitors, and peer supporters who interact with families on topics of safe sleep and breastfeeding. REGISTER/LOGIN



Defining the Problem

Sleep-related sudden unexpected infant death (SUID) is the leading cause of post-neonatal mortality in the United States. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), approximately 3,700 infants die each year due to sleep-related deaths. Rates vary greatly by race and ethnicity. In addition, breastfeeding is a protective factor against sleep-related deaths and is important for the overall health and well being of infants throughout their life span. Yet, there is not universal adoption of safe sleep practices and breastfeeding, and adoption rates vary by race and ethnicity.

Addressing the Problem

Building on Campaigns with Conversations is a new approach to supporting caregivers to help overcome barriers to safe sleep and breastfeeding. It is part of a greater trend in public health promotion—utilizing an individualized approach that takes into account each family's needs, beliefs, and the context of their lives. This training on the Conversations Approach is based on Ajzen's Theory of Planned Behavior and follows current recommendations from the American Academy for Pediatrics (AAP) for safe sleep and optimal breastfeeding for healthy infants.

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O Core Modules

The modules are designed to help you understand the Conversations Approach and gain the knowledge and skills needed to implement it to promote breastfeeding and safe sleep practices.

- A New Approach
- How Babies Sleep and Eat
- Understanding Current Recommendations
- Anticipating Reluctance and Refusal
- Respectful Dialogue and Structure of a Conversation
- Creating Plans to Support Family Decisions
- Putting It All Together to Make a Difference

NICHD website is <u>www.nichd.nih.gov/sts_for Safe to Sleep materials and training</u>



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